

Hard Seed In Alfalfa

Questions arise about hard seed in alfalfa are becoming more important with increased seed production in the northwestern United States where seed tends to have higher levels of hard seed. To answer questions about hard seed, studies were initiated at three sites (Arlington, WI, West Salem, WI and Napier, IA) in 1992 and 1993 to gain information on the effect of hard seed on speed of germination and on yield during seeding year. Each year four varieties with three levels of hard seed were planted at the three sites. The average hard seed for each of the three levels is shown in table 1. It is interesting to note that the percentage of hard seed declined from fall to spring. The decline of hard seed varied with lot but generally showed greatest declines were initial hard seed levels were higher.

Table 1. Change in Hard Seed Percentage over Winter		
Hard Seed Level	Fall Germination Test	Spring Germination Test
Low	10.5	8.4
Medium	25.4	15.8
High	43.9	30.6

In study one at each site 100 seeds were planted in a ring in the ground and germinated alfalfa seedlings were counted monthly and then removed. Table 2 shows the germination of alfalfa seedlings over time. Data from the three sites were averaged together because there was no difference among the sites. Most of the seed germinated within the first month after seeding with very little germination occurring in later months, regardless of hard seed level. This also tells us that, when farmers ask about hard seed filling in a thin alfalfa stand, the answer is that it will not because very few seeds germinate after the first month.

Table 2. Effect of Hard Seed on Days to Alfalfa Emergence					
Hard Seed	Scarified	30 days	60 days	90 days	120 days
		Percent Emergence			
High	No	67	11	4	0
High	Yes	75	7	1	0
Medium	No	69	10	2	0
Medium	Yes	73	7	1	0
Low	No	74	9	2	0
Low	Yes	80	6	1	0